

next street

New Economy

Industrial Supply Chain Forum

December 2024



Leading small business and supplier solutions company for the new economy

200,000+

Small businesses and suppliers served annually

\$10B+

4 Million

Small businesses

Procurement opportunities opened for small businesses

reached through partners

30+ Markets

Developed regional small business strategies

\$4.5 Billion

Redirected to small businesses systemically held back

1000+

Active relationships with Trusted Advisors

Next Street partners with the public and private sector to build the connected infrastructure to mobilize the right resources at the right time for small businesses and suppliers

A Track Record of Excellence with Leading Institutions and Partnerships

ACCION OPPORTUNITY FUND

ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY COALITION



















verizon/

J.P.Morgan

COOK COUNTY



Supplier Solutions at Next Street





Ecosystem Assessment and Industrial Strategies

Analysis of local, sectorspecific supply chains and ecosystems for place-based strategy



Coalition Building

Convening of public and private institutions to expand access for small and mid-sized suppliers



Supplier Capital Solutions

Capital advisory services to expand access to capital products that meet supplier needs



Supplier Program Design and Delivery

Design and delivery of supplier accelerator programs via a scalable tech-enabled solution



Supplier Resource and Capital Hub

Tech platform that coordinates ecosystems and connects suppliers to best-in-class resources



ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY COALITION













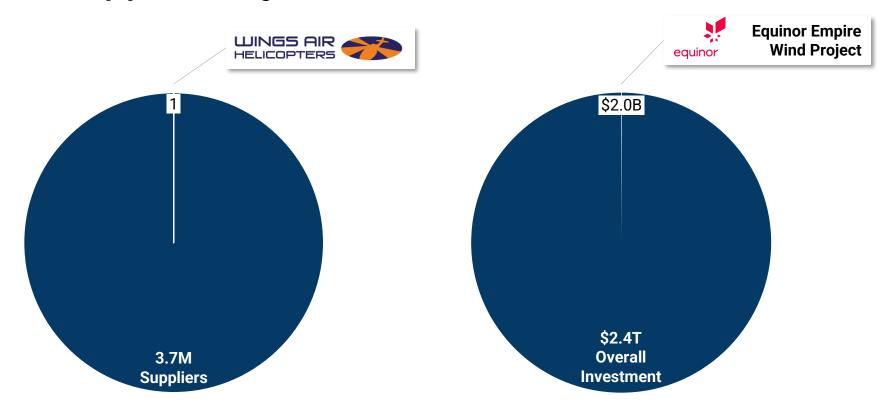


- Transportation firm in business for 22 years, providing helicopter charter, tours, aerial surveys, TV/movie production
- Experiencing a decrease in charter/tourism bookings

- Empire Wind developer, making ~\$2B
 investment in OSW in New York
- In need of contract-ready suppliers to deliver on project needs



The Opportunity





Introduction: Industrial Supply Chain Forum

Purpose of the Forum

- To convene national and regional leaders in government, industry, and other institutions to address small business challenges and opportunities in evolving industrial supply chains
- To serve as a platform for knowledge sharing, collaboration, and capacity building in critical sectors across the country

Objectives

- **Elevate and equip small businesses and their workers** to compete in and benefit from the industrial transformation
- Build a knowledge network among stakeholders across industries, sectors, and regions to share insights, best practices and tools to accelerate inclusive industrial development
- Develop and execute on scalable models across the pillars of the "Marshall Plan for Small Businesses": business development, workforce, and capital and financing
- Demonstrate impact of regional initiatives as models to reach national scale



Agenda

9:00am – 9:20am	Welcome and Introduction
9:20am – 9:50am	Dynamics of the Industrial Transformation
9:50am - 11:05am	Transitions in Manufacturing Sectors
11:05am - 11:15am	Break
11:15am - 12:30pm	The Role of Procurement in Transportation and Utilities Infrastructure
12:30pm – 1:30pm	Lunch
1:30pm – 2:45pm	Business and Workforce Ecosystems in the Industrial Transition
2:45pm – 3:00pm	Closing Remarks and Next Steps



An industrial transformation is underway, projected to **generate trillions in GDP** by investing in America's infrastructure and manufacturing.

America Needs a Marshall Plan for Small Business

The industrial transformation places investments in critical infrastructure and advanced sectors, including semiconductors and batteries, that boost national security and economic competitiveness.

These public and private investments are turning into contracts and employment, particularly among small and mid-sized companies.

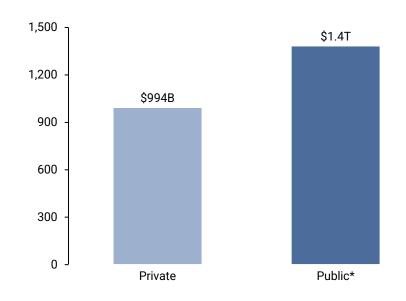
We now must mobilize the **country's small businesses** to build the **capacity** essential for domestic supply chains and good jobs for American workers.

Industrial Transformation: Big Bets

America's Industrial Transformation: Overview

- Over \$1 trillion in federal investments is set to transform the industrial landscape in the U.S.
- These investments are driving a transformation in infrastructure and manufacturing, including in advanced sectors like semiconductors and batteries
- This public funding is expected to catalyze historic levels of private sector investments
- These investments constitute a modern industrial policy in the U.S. with significant demands for American businesses and workers

Public and private investments over the next decade, \$ billions





Note:

Source:

^{*} Includes spending from the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, the Inflation Reduction Act, and CHIPS

Industrial Transformation: A New Paradigm

Macro forces driving the industrial transformation have create enormous demand for infrastructure and manufacturing

Macro Conditions

Geopolitical instability and conflict

> Global supply chain disruptions

Energy security and interdependence

Tariffs and trade policy

A New Paradigm

Infrastructure investment and surge in CAPEX

> Reshoring and nearshoring

Energy diversification and modernization

Review of defense industrial base



Surge in industrial demand in U.S. infrastructure and manufacturing



Industrial Transformation: Strategic Sectors

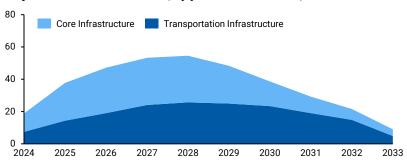
The industrial transformation is poised to drive major growth in strategic sectors in infrastructure and manufacturing

Infrastructure			Manufacturing				
Airports, Ports, and Waterways	Broadband Infrastructure	Electric Vehicle Infrastructure	Passenger and Freight Rail	Aerospace and Defense	Automotive and Mobility	Battery Manufacturing	Bio and Pharma Manufacturing
Roads, Bridges, Major Projects	Power and Grid Infrastructure	Public Transit	Water Infrastructure	Clean Energy Manufacturing	Heavy Industry and Equipment	Polymers and Materials	Semiconductor Manufacturing

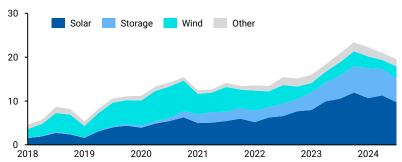


Trends: The Industrial Transformation In Charts

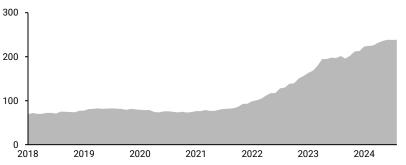
Projected construction CAPEX, by year and asset class, \$ billions



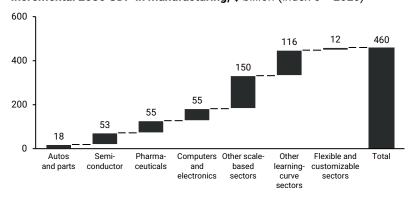
Energy investment, by year and technology, \$ billions



Construction spending for manufacturing, by year, \$ millions



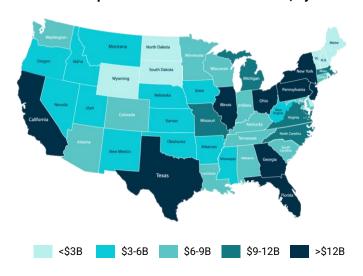
Incremental 2030 GDP in manufacturing, \$ billion (index 0 = 2020)



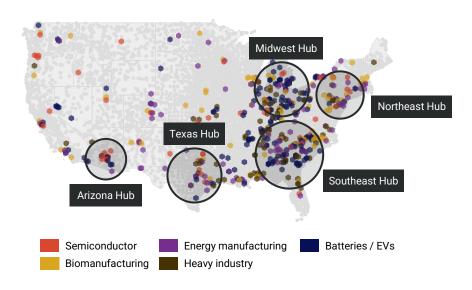


Trends: Geography of the Industrial Transformation

Total estimated public infrastructure allocations, by State



Private manufacturing investments, by new plant announcements



Investment in "strategic sectors" in advanced manufacturing is flowing disproportionately to economically distressed counties—a break with the pattern of the last several decades

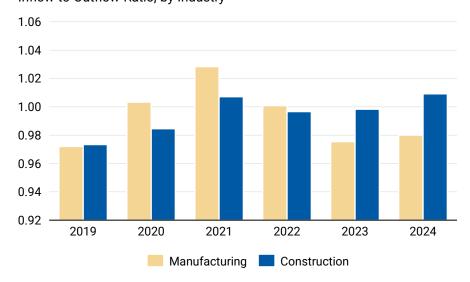
Trends: Small Business Demand

Capital investments and reshoring have already has led to a boom for small and mid-sized businesses

Bank of America Global Research Institute: Report

- For every \$10 billion of manufacturing revenue that is moved back to the US, there is an estimated \$3.8 billion of CAPEX spending
- BofA small business data showed notable payroll payment growth for manufacturing and construction firms, particularly in the South
- Construction firms' average inflow-to-outflow ratio
 (a proxy for profits) reached historically high
 levels this year, while manufacturing firms' ratio
 remains higher than pre-COVID levels

Bank of America: Small Business Client Profitability Inflow-to-Outflow Ratio, by Industry

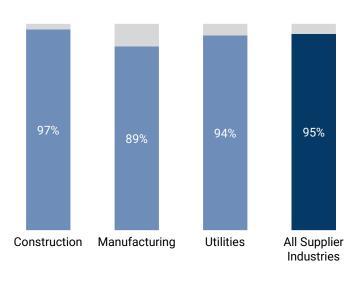


Small Business: Role in the Transformation

Small businesses are critical for today's industrial transformation as key drivers of domestic supply chains

Small Businesses in the Industrial Transformation

% of US employer firms with fewer than 50 employees in 2020

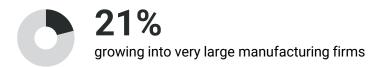


Source:

Small and medium-sized businesses account for...







Small Business: Segmentation

Segmenting small businesses by their business characteristics and growth potential offers a useful framework for discussing specific solutions to address their needs

	Main Street Businesses	Supplier Businesses	High-Growth Businesses
Business Characteristics	 Local businesses serving consumers and other local businesses Low-to-moderate scale potential Often smaller, community-based Employs highly accessible but lower wage job profiles 	 Suppliers to government (B2G) or other businesses (B2B) in traded sectors Moderate-to-high scale potential Can have local supplier facilities Employs moderate-to-high wage, accessible job profiles 	 Fast-growing, often innovation-driven businesses High-margin, high-scale potential Often service-based with local staff Employs high-wage but less accessible job profiles
Number of US employer firms	6.5M firms	3.7M firms	6.4M firms
Representative industries*	 Accommodation and Food Services Personal and Repair Services Retail Stores and Trade 	ConstructionManufacturingTransportation and Warehousing	Finance and InsuranceInformation TechnologyProfessional Services

Our focus for industrial supply chains



Note: Source: These business segments are illustrative to overarching characteristics and needs. Representative industries are not mutually exclusive but represent different categories of firms of interest Adapted from the Harvard Business School; U.S. Census Bureau Annual Business Survey (2022)

Small Business: The Challenges

Supplier Pipeline Challenge

The country does not yet have the **supplier pool and capacity to deliver** on the vast scope of the industrial transformation in infrastructure and manufacturing

Job Quality and Workforce

Small businesses—anxious about competitive operating costs and workforce shortages-will not be positioned to act as full partners in the good job revolution

Inequality Risk

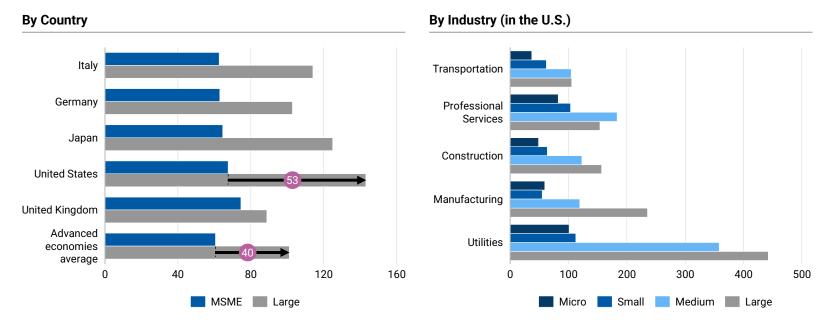
We could expand rather than reduce economic inequalities as established, very large incumbents are best positioned to garner new business opportunities



Small Business: Productivity Gaps

U.S. small businesses have been less productive than larger companies and small firms in other advanced economies

Productivity, value added per worker, \$ thousand (purchasing power parity)



Small Business: Evolving Needs

Small and mid-sized businesses will require capital, management assistance, and workforce development to adapt to the evolving demands of the country's industrial transformation

Business and Management Assistance

- Corporate strategy guidance to adapt business models in evolving sectors
- Product development to adjust and optimize to shifting demand and trends
- Back-office support to enhance corporate functions and foster efficiency
- Market access to new customers within the industrial transformation

Capital and Financing

- Capital investments for retooling/ upgrading facilities and equipment
- R&D investments for innovating and developing new products
- Strategic investments for corporate growth, including M&A finance
- Working capital for liquidity and day-today operations

Workforce

- Employee development for new product / service capabilities and processes
- Talent recruitment with local and diverse workforce pipelines to fill key skills needs
- Corporate leadership development to plan and operationalize shifting operating models and change management



"Marshall Plan for Small Business"

America needs a "Marshall Plan for Small Business" centered on three pillars for the industrial transformation

Business Development

Scale results-driven national programs that prepare small businesses with industry-specific guidance to navigate evolving market conditions

Capital and Financing

Expand access to capital solutions through small business financing programs and products crafted for supplier firms in critical industrial supply chains

Workforce Development

Establish a workforce development approach centered on small businesses that is equipped to mobilize the American workforce on an industrial scale

Operationalizing the "Marshall Plan"

Surge in industrial demand in infrastructure and manufacturing

Business Development

- Industry consulting services and training programs
- Industry tools and playbooks
- Business continuity planning

Capital and Financing

- Blended financing and revolving loan programs
- Equity for M&A and JVs
- Retooling grant programs

Workforce Development

- Employee training and work-based learning
- Industry-workforce partnerships

Ecosystem coordination and collaboration platforms

Public-private engagement with relevant public efforts and large private companies



Community & Worker Economic Transition Office



Two visions for the future

Which one is correct?

Michigan Advance



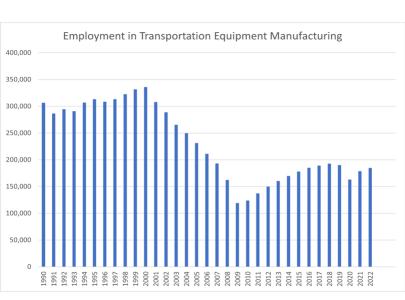


Trump in Michigan tells auto workers that EVs are a 'transition to hell'

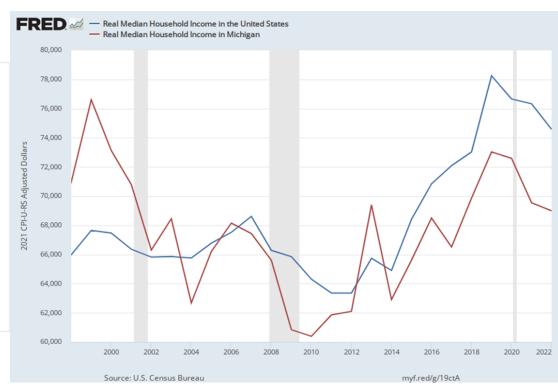
A focus on manufacturing and onshoring critical supply chains can support economic growth in Michigan...

But to ensure that growth happens equitably, we need to start preparing <u>now</u>.

Michigan's economy has been transitioning for years...



Source: Michigan Center for Data and Analytics; US Bureau of Labor Statistics



With profound impacts on communities across the state

<u>1980</u> <u>2016</u>

Rank	Metropolitan Statistical Area	State	Avg Earnings	Metropolitan Statistical Area	State	Avg Earnings
1	Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	СТ	\$54,194	Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	СТ	\$83,470
2	Flint	МІ	\$53,463	San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	CA	\$81,541
3	Detroit-Warren-Dearborn	МІ	\$53,290	San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward	CA	\$76,697
4	Midland	МІ	\$51,043	Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	DC-VA	\$69,890
5	Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	DC-VA	\$50,093	Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	WA	\$65,580
6	Saginaw	МІ	\$49,469	Boston-Cambridge-Newton	МА	\$65,131
7	Midland	тх	\$49,319	Trenton	NJ	\$64,939
8	Casper	WY	\$49,310	New York-Newark-Jersey City	NY-NJ	\$64,055
9	Monroe	МІ	\$49,107	Boulder	со	\$61,161
10	Bremerton-Silverdale	WA	\$48,987	Baltimore-Columbia-Towson	MD	\$60,418

Source: Jonathan Gruber & Simon Johnson, Jump-Starting America



Michigan's auto footprint

23 OEM facilities 1000+ independent suppliers



The ICE to EV transition is an opportunity to stop these trends







Auto plants grew their workforces after transitioning to electric vehicle production

Data suggests the switch to EVs may not mean the loss of assembly jobs some predicted

What Michigan makes now...

North American Production & Michigan Production Share

2023

Assembly

- 98 assembly plants* produced 15,500,000 light vehicles
- 13 assembly plants* in Michigan producing



Michigan Production Share: 12.1%

Engine

- 39 engine plants* produced 12,750,000 engines
- 7 engine plants in Michigan



Production Share: 6.9%

Transmissions

- 20 Transmission plants* produced 10,100,000 transmissions
- 3 Transmission plants in Michigan



Michigan Production Share: 28.4%

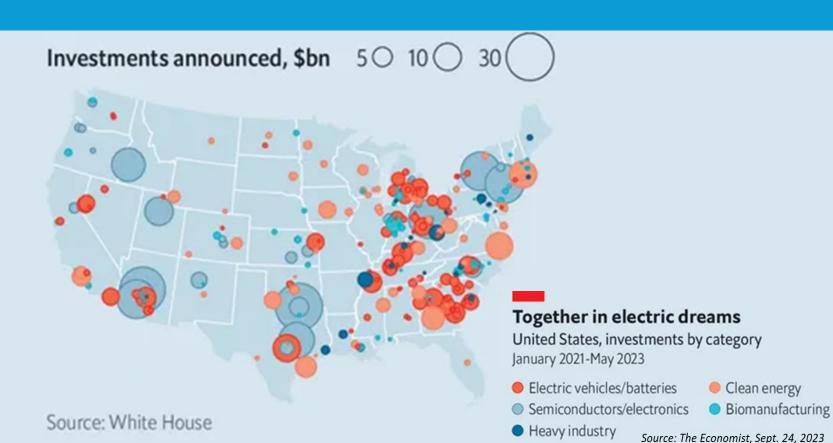






Michigan ranks first in transmission production and second in vehicle assembly among all N.A. production states/countries. Mexico is the top production region for motor vehicles (24%) and engine production (23.6%).

... and where EV investments are going

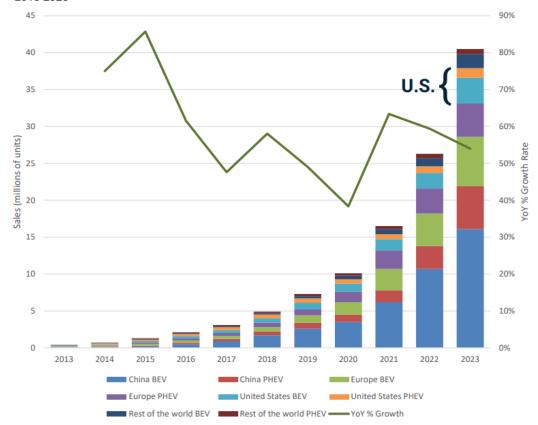




EVs are a large, growing international market

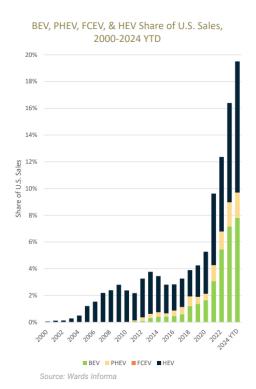
Michigan needs a plan to remain globally competitive

Global Electrified Light Vehicle Sales Country & Type, YoY % Change 2013-2023

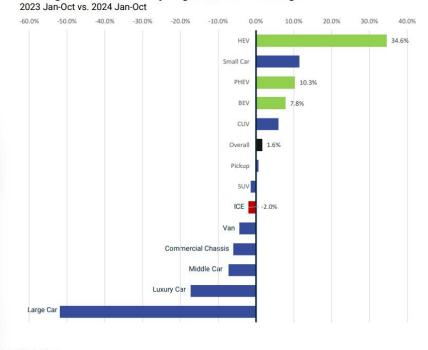


Source: IEA (2024), Global electric car stock, 2013-2023, IEA, Paris https://www.iea.org/data-and-statistics/charts/global-electric-car-stock-2013-2023, Licence: CC BY 4.0

Electrified vehicle sales continue to grow in the US



U.S. Light Vehicle Sales by Segment, YoY % Change



Source: Wards Informa

How fast will the transition happen?

· Jaguar 100% EV

- GM 100% BEV
- Lexus 100% EV
- Kia 100% EV

 Hyundai, Kia, Ford, VW, Honda, Toyota, Nissan, Mazda, Mitsubishi, Subaru all carbon neutral

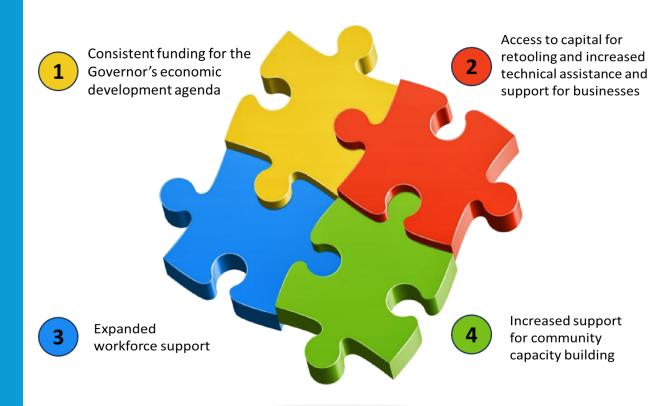


- Ford 100% BEV in EU
- Cadillac 100% EV
- Jeep 50% BEV US, 100% BEV EU
- · Chrysler 100% BEV
- BMW 50% BEV
- Volvo 100% BEV
- Kia 100% EV EU

- · GM carbon neutral
- · Volvo carbon neutral
- Mercedes Benz 100% BEV
- State of Michigan 100% Clean Energy Standard



The Michigan Plan





Consistent funding for the Governor's economic development agenda

Driving knowledge economy job creation & growth



Mobility & Automotive Manufacturing



Advanced Manufacturing: Defense, Aerospace & Advanced Materials



Clean Energy



Engineering, Design & Development



Tech – Semiconductors & Cyber Security



Life Sciences & Medical Devices



Professional & Corporate Services

The Make It in Michigan vision is working

A LOOK AT THE PROJECT PIPELINE: THEN-TO-NOW

Total number of projects won has increased each year since FY 2020 Average private investment associated with pipeline projects more than doubled from 2017 to 2024 Projects have been announced in all 83 counties since 2019¹

MAKE IT IN MICHIGAN INVESTMENTS DELIVER

\$1 invested in economic development is estimated to generate \$4.17 back to the state that can be invested in our schools, roads, and more.² \$1 invested in economic development projects is estimated to put an average of almost \$4 back into Michigan residents' paychecks.³

MAKE IT IN MICHIGAN INVESTMENTS SUSTAIN THE MIDDLE CLASS

3rd

in U.S. for amount of federal grant dollars spent in the state⁴

+10k

housing units announced all across the state⁴

\$44B

in private investment⁹ Assisted small businesses in all counties +60k times⁵

+40k

new auto jobs announced⁷

56% of projects

in geographically disadvantaged areas¹⁰

\$48.8M

in Competitiveness Fund investment = **\$276** in federal investment: a **+5:1 return**

\$7.8B

in placemaking, such as housing, parks, etc.8

1.750

new small and high-tech businesses¹¹

Let's continue to deliver prosperity for all in Michigan



HOW MICHIGAN STACKS UP WITH THE COMPETITION¹²

Michigan job growth: +260k (5.8%)

Ohio job growth: 230k (4.1%)

Indiana job growth: 150k (4.7%)

Minnesota job growth: 120k (4.1%)

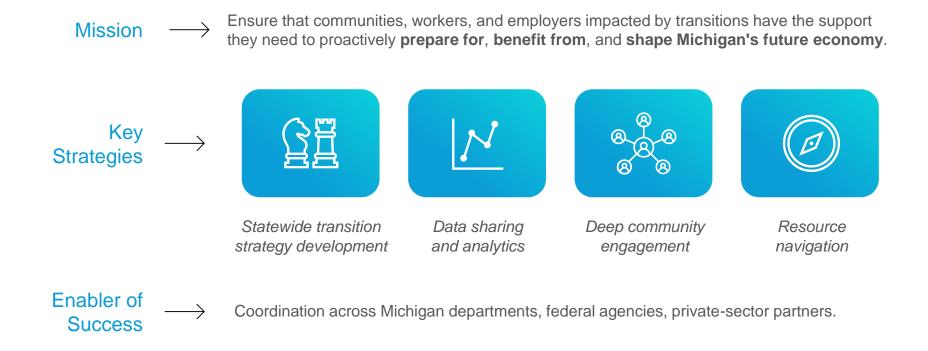


The remaining pieces of the puzzle:

- Access to capital for retooling and increased technical assistance and support for businesses
- Expanded workforce support
- Increased support for community capacity building

Where the state's new Community & Worker Economic Transition Office plays a role.

About the office





Office Capabilities Big Picture



Create a data-driven central source of truth

- Develop likely economic scenarios
- Evaluate long-term risks, opportunities, effective interventions



Employer engagement

- Proactive direction to relevant funding, resources
- Identify and facilitate diversification opportunities



Community engagement

- Co-create a clear vision for a vibrant, diversified economy
- Capacity enhancement for strategy and execution



Worker support

- Proactive outreach, resource navigation
- Design new programs that fill gaps



Data and Analytics

→ Goals

- → Create a Data Driven Central Source of Truth: Develop likely economic scenarios and evaluate long-term risks, opportunities, and potential interventions.
- → Empower Stakeholders: Rather than rely on a single state plan, provide individual communities the data and insights needed to develop their own forward looking growth and resiliency plans.

- Supply Chain Mapping: Develop data tool that State and partners can use to proactively support auto suppliers with diversification and retooling opportunities.
- → Supplier Resource Hub: Develop a tool that serve as a single, easy to use portal that will help manufacturers navigate to federal, state and private programs and funding to support their stability, expansion or diversification.



Industry Growth & Diversificatio n

→ Goals

- → Program Navigation & Development Help businesses navigate the confusing silo of state and federal programs; use insights and partnerships to identify and fill resource gaps.
- → Diversification: Leverage state's relationships and convening powers to develop diversification opportunities for manufacturers.

- → Support for retooling/diversification: Secured \$22.6M DOE grant for small and medium-sized manufacturers retooling; \$9.1M U.S. Treasury grant to provide small and underserved manufacturers with technical assistance for retooling.
- → Energy Sector Diversification: Partner with state's largest investor-owned utilities to secure commitments and develop state policies that help Michigan-based businesses successfully move into energy supply chains, focusing on auto suppliers seeking diversification opportunities.



Community Resiliency

→ Goals

- Planning: Support communities in developing local economic diversification and resiliency plans.
- → Capacity Enhancement: Assist communities in securing the necessary resources to implement those plans.

- MIFundingHub.org: Digital resource that helps local governments navigate to state and federal grant opportunities and provides technical assistance
- → Community Playbook: Conduct simulated plant closure exercises to document and improve on current process; document learnings and pair with resources supporting growth and diversification planning; support learning cohort in playbook deployment/planning exercise.



Employee Engagement & Empowerment

→ Goals

- → **Resource Navigation:** Help workers and workforce partners navigate to existing state, federal, and local programs.
- → Program Development: Identify resource gaps and develop implementation recommendations for partner agencies and policymakers.

- → Job Quality: Received \$750K grant from the Families and Workers Fund to work with the Burning Glass Institute to develop a framework and tools to define, measure, and advance job quality standards.
- → EV Workforce Hub: Michigan 1 of 4 hubs announced by the Biden Administration in April, designed to prepare Michigan workers for the good-paying jobs; focused on four challenges identified by stakeholders; several pilots/projects underway.



What does success look like in Michigan?

Industrial policy strategies must be tied to a broader **prosperity agenda**.



Equitable job creation & shared prosperity



Diversified & resilient economy



Healthy & thriving communities

Questions and Discussion

Michigan.gov/EconomicTransition



The Role of Procurement in Transportation and Utilities Infrastructure

Next Street's Industrial Supply Chain Forum: Kickoff Event

December 13, 2024



The Government Performance Lab (GPL)'s Procurement Portfolio

In over 250 projects, we have worked closely with state and local leaders to develop and test promising practices.

We then spread those practices to communities nationwide.



our procurement practice

The GPL's Procurement Excellence Framework

The GPL's Procurement Excellence Framework is a set of strategies designed to help governments use procurement and contracting to achieve better outcomes for residents.



Faster, easier, & more transparent procurement processes



RFPs & contracts focused on **outcomes**, not just compliance



Expanded vendor pipeline, increased competition, & improved equity in the delivery and distribution of services



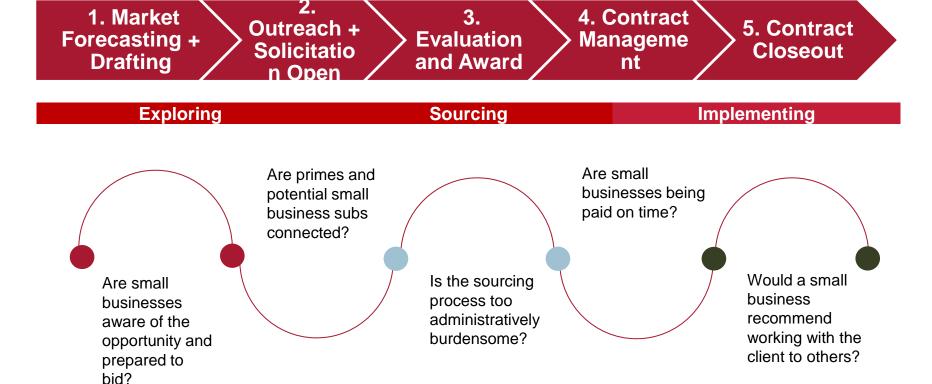
Elevated and accountable procurement, sustained success

Common question:

How can public sector entities increase the share of their contracted spend going to small businesses?



Small businesses face challenges across the procurement lifecycle



To expand contracting with small businesses, there are many barriers to address:

Vision Vendor

Small businesses must have awareness of contracting/partnering opportunities.

Small businesses must be equipped to bid and assess opportunities as a good match.

Small businesses must have a successful experience and want to bid again.

Perspectives

Challenges

Timing is unpredictable and upcoming projects are not shared. Learning about bids feels like a "need to know" basis.

The process seems too difficult, and I sometimes am not sure what information is asked for.

The **time it takes to be paid** for invoices is quite long -- we have had times when it has affected our liquidity.

- websites No targeted outreach
 - Informal information networks

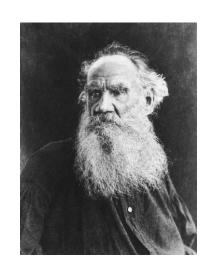
Navigating confusing

- Unpredictable nature of opportunities
- Perception incumbent will win

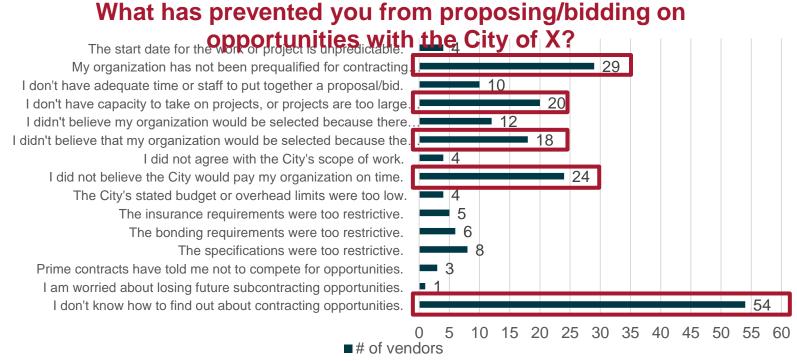
- Process hard to navigate with unclear requirements
- Onerous insurance and bonding requirements
- Scope of project too large
- Minimal coordination with other major buyers

- Little feedback given to newer contractors in need of coaching and support
 - Payment delays
 - Unfair treatment
 - Disingenuous offers of partnership from primes

The Anna Karenina Principle (of Government Contracting): "Each unsuccessful public sector buyer is unsuccessful in its own way."



Vendor engagement can help diagnose challenges





For this city, the biggest impediment to seeing new vendors participate in the process is that they do not know how or where to find opportunities.

Solutions abound for addressing these challenges

Vision

Small businesses must have awareness of contracting/partnering opportunities.

Small businesses must be equipped to bid and assess opportunities as a good match. Small businesses must have a successful experience and want to bid again.

Opportunities

- 1. Rethink outreach
- 2. Help primes to build relationships with new subcontractors
- 3. Forecast opportunities and prepare the marketplace
- Right-size
 opportunities, through
 unbundling and task
 orders
- 2. Create small businessspecific marketplaces
- 3. Reduce administrative burden of the procurement process

- Pay firms faster or offer advance payment
- 2. Promote contractor development
- 3. Provide financial support to small firms

Procurement categories are expanding in infrastructure

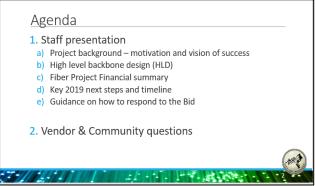
Higher	Supplier Categories	Energy and Utilities	Construction
Margin	Technology	IT and telecom installation and maintenance	IT and telecom installation and maintenance
	Professional Services	 Engineering services (e.g., structural, mechanical) Property services (e.g., site selection, land acquisition) Consulting, HR, and safety services (e.g., energy policy, market analysis, recruiting, training, compliance) Marketing and demand-side management 	 Trade services (e.g., mechanical, plumbing, lighting, voltage) Architects and general contractors (e.g., cleanroom, flooring, walls, ceilings) Consulting services
	Manufacturing	 Electrical equipment (e.g., transformers, circuit breakers) Energy production and storage (e.g., solar, wind, battery) 	 Facilities equipment and signage Maintenance and repairs
	Commodity / Supplies	 Cable and wires Aggregates (e.g., gravel, sand, stone) Chemicals, gases, and lubes 	 Valves, piping, mechanical pumps, ductwork Electrical equipment
•	Work Services	 Fleet management (e.g., vehicles and equipment) Staff augmentation (e.g., temporary staffing services) Maintenance services (e.g., equipment and infrastructure) 	 Landscaping, cleaning, janitorial Waste services
Lower Margin	Construction	 Site preparation (e.g., surveying) Structural assembly (e.g., concrete works, steel packages) 	 Site preparation (e.g., surveying, excavation) Structural and building works (e.g., concrete, steel, roofing, trestles, scaffolding, masonry)

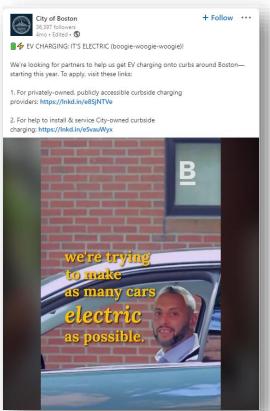
contracting/partnering opportunities.

Small businesses must have awareness of

Rethink how to conduct outreach about contracting opportunities





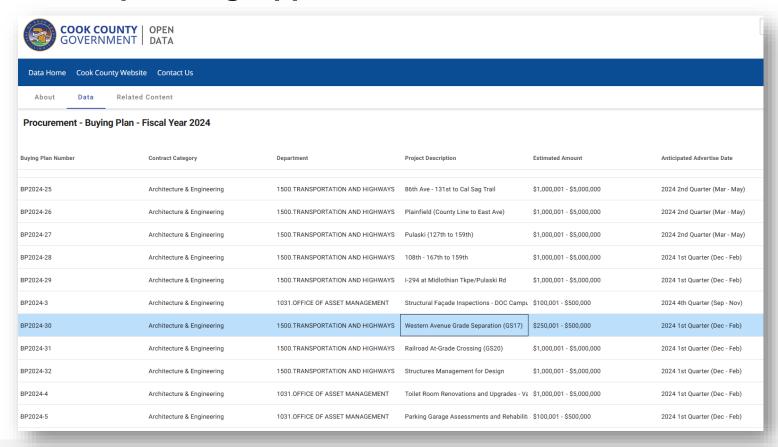


Expand audiences through reciprocal certifications



Left to right: John Pocari, co-founder of EIP, Dorval Carter Jr., president of CTA, Leslie Richards, CEO and general manager of SEPTA and Phil Washington, co-founder of EIP and CEO of Denver International Airport join together at an event hosted by AASHTO to sign a reciprocity agreement that will benefit historically underutilized businesses.

Forecast Upcoming Opportunities



Kentucky's EV Infrastructure Deployment Plan



KYTC issued a Request for Information (RFI) to gain input from potential market participants across various sectors concerning the planning, deployment, operation and maintenance of the DCFCs and Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE) in Kentucky.

More Information

Respondents included utilities, charge network providers, potential site hosts, nonprofits, contractors, and EVSE suppliers. Comments were collected from August 24 – September 30, 2022.

The RFI responses helped KYTC develop an implementation strategy for deploying DCFC stations with the NEVI formula funding. More information on the RFI can be found https://example.com/here.

Request for Proposals

KYTC has issued three Requests for Proposals (RFP). RFP 3 w September 17, 2024, and closed October 21, 2024. The Notice of expected mid-December, 2024.

More Information

RFP 1

A <u>draft request for proposal (RFP)</u> was issued on January 4, 2 January 27 after receiving over 150 comments. Based on thes <u>RFP 1</u> was released June 15, 2023, and closed August 24. Rf 150 submissions and consisted of two rounds of awards. In O charging station sites were awarded across seven developers million in funding under the National Electric Vehicle Infrastruc



Electric vehicles (EVs) are growing in popularity in Kentucky and across the nation. Kentucky is also rapidly becoming the leader in EV battery manufacturing with over \$11.6 billion in new investment coming to the state over the next few years. With these changes underway, now is the time for electric utilities to propare.

EDUCATE UTILITY LEADERSHIP AND STAFF ABOUT EVS AND EV INFRASTRUCTURE.

- + Websites/Webinars Learn about EVs and EV funding on websites hosted by <u>USDOT</u>, <u>USDOE</u>, the <u>Joint Office</u>, non-profits or others.
- + EV Infrastructure Understand the uses and costs for Level 2 and Level 3 (DCFC) charging.

COLLABORATE WITH PEER AGENCIES AND OTHERS INVOLVED WITH EV INFRASTRUCTURE IN YOUR AREA.

- + Local and State Agencies Talk with your local agencies about their EV planning efforts. Work with state agencies on their efforts.
- + Other Communities Consider collaborating on EV planning and deployment with your surrounding communities.
- + Other Organizations Reach out to groups like the KY Clean Fuels Coalition, TVA, and Evolve KY

PLAN FOR EVS AND EV INFRASTRUCTURE IN YOUR COMMUNITY.

- EV Infrastructure Planning Investigate the power demand and distribution infrastructure needed to support EV charging at home, work, and elsewhere.
- Assess EV infrastructure impacts on grid load and the needed upgrades, evaluate distribution system and capacity limitations; identify transformer needs, identify where EV chargers can be integrated into a smart grid network, develop a distribution resource plan with station and solar hosting capacity maps.
- + Rate Considerations Examine your rate structure. Explore changes to support affordable vehicle charging for customers. Work with the Public Service Commission (PSC).

FUND AND INCENTIVIZE NEW EV INFRASTRUCTURE IN YOUR COMMUNITY.

- Private Sources Most EV infrastructure to date has been installed using private funds and this trend is expected to continue. Talk to
 private firms, utilities, and non-profits (like those listed above) about how you can collaborate.
- private firms, utilities, and non-profits (like those listed above) about how you can collaborate.

 + Volkswagen Settlement Funds EEC Rebate program. Requires 50% match. EEC to announce details in 2024.
- NEVI Formula Funding Program Federal program. Limited to direct current fast charging (DCFC) stations along interstates and
- Parkways until FHWA approves build-out. KYTC issued a Request for Proposals (RFP) in 2023 and awarded 24 projects. A second RFP was released in February 2024 with proposals due in April 2024.
- NEVI Competitive Grant Program Federal program. A total of \$2.5 billion is available over 5 years. The next notice of funding opportunity is expected in summer 2024.

SUPPORT AND DEPLOY EV INFRASTRUCTURE, GUIDELINES, AND STANDARDS.

- Public EV Infrastructure Facilitate, support, or fund charging stations. Determine if there are partners you could support.
 Consider making 'behind the meter' investments to ensure charging adequacy, and identify a 'make ready' approach for residential and commercial consumers.
- + Policies and Rates Implement new policies or rates in coordination with the Public Service Commission (as applicable).
- + Publicity and Support Promote EV infrastructure awareness among businesses, developers, realtors and the public. Consider promoting guidance on EV infrastructure.

Notes: USDOT = U.S. Department of Transportation; USDOE = U.S. Department of Energy; DCFC = Direct Current Fast Charging;
Transeases Valley Authority, EEC = Energy and Environment Cabinet, NEVI = National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure, KYTC = Kentucky
Transportation Cabinet; EHMP = Federal Highway Administration



Energy and Environment Cabinet Kentucky Transportation Cabinet

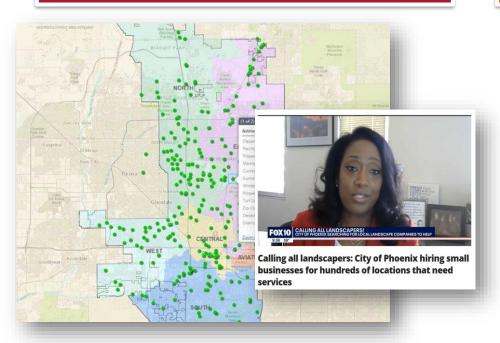


Small businesses must be equipped to bid and

assess opportunities as a good match.

Consider whether a contract could be unbundled

Phoenix targeted small, local, and Spanishspeaking business owners for their citywide landscaping contract. Los Angeles World Airports using Multiple Award Task Order Contract approach, encompassing a wide range of horizontal and vertical projects.

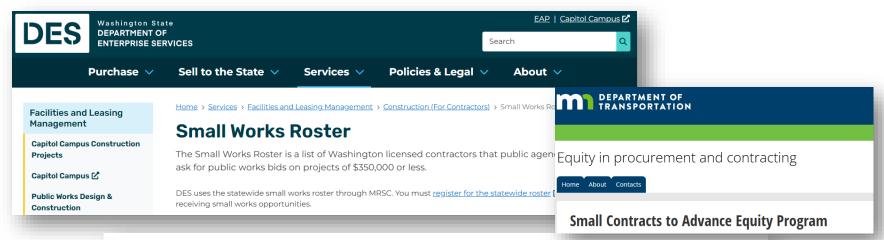


LAWA Moves to MATOC: New Method, Benefits, and Opportunities

The latest on LAWA's Multiple Award Task Order Contract (MATOC) for Design Build and Construction Services.



Create defined marketplaces where small businesses compete among themselves



Small Business Enterprise (SBE) Program

The Small Business Program is designed to give certified small businesses an opportunity to bid as primes on CTA contracts under \$5 million with sufficient Small Business availability. Under the program, selected contracts will be set aside for small businesses to bid on as prime contractors.

Fix process bottlenecks to reduce the level of administrative burden in contracting processes



Connecticut's standard vendor response packet required a large amount of information from vendors up-front. Procurement, finance, and legal staff worked together to move much of this paperwork to the contracting phase.

RESPONDENT CH	ECKLIST
Use this checklist to ensure You have properly read and cor This document (the RFP) contains all the following materials returned to the City of Tulsa Clerk's Office. We recommend proposal.	s, which must be completed and
Proposer's Name:	
RESPONDENT CHECK	CLIST
RESPONDENT DOCUMENTS	INCLUDED?
Cover Letter	
Proposal Narrative	
Respondent Information Sheet (required form)	
Price Sheet Summary (required form)	
Affidavit (Non-Collusion and Interest) (required form)	

Many entities, including the City of Tulsa, OK, include respondent checklists of all materials required to be completed and returned to the City in their RFP template, so vendors are less likely to exclude a proposal component.

Small businesses must have a successful

experience and want to bid again.

Pay small contractors fast, push primes to pay subsquickly

The contractor must continue to comply with the prompt payment per the contract terms.

The contractor shall pay each subcontractor under its contract for satisfactory performance of work no later than to seven days after receipt of each progress payment received from LACMTA. Subsequently, subcontractors must pay their subcontractors within seven days (at all tier levels).

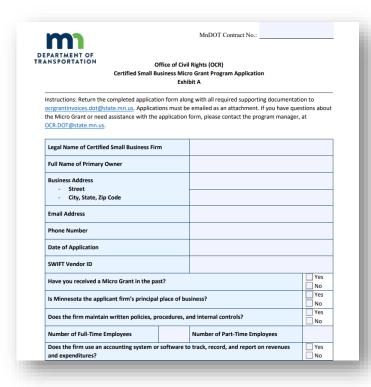
Pursuant to Metro's prompt payment requirements, the contractor is obligated to pay for work performed by its subcontractors, not in dispute, if it has authorized or directed a subcontractor to proceed to said work. Any delay or postponement of prompt release of retention beyond the seven-day time limit shall be for good cause, and only upon prior written approval by Metro.

SECTION 2. Section 103-10.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:

"§103-10.5 Prompt payment. (a) Any money[, other than retainage,] paid to a contractor shall be [dispersed] <u>disbursed</u> to subcontractors within ten days after receipt of the money in accordance with the terms of the subcontract; provided that the subcontractor has met all the terms and conditions of the subcontract and there are no bona fide disputes on which the procurement [agency] officer has withheld payment.

(b) Upon final payment to the contractor, full payment to the subcontractor, including retainage, shall be made within ten days after receipt of the money; provided there are no bona fide disputes over the subcontractor's performance under the subcontract.

Innovative model from Minnesota DOT to reimburse small businesses for expenses related to bidding



Qualifying expenses

- technical training, workshops, conferences, or coursework
- individual business development needs such as training in accounting methods, project management, management/leadership coaching, personnel management
- technical certifications in areas related to the firm's area of business
- software programs or subscriptions
- website development
- books or educational materials
- professional services that directly benefit the firm's ability to bid on MnDOT projects/contracts or that provide direct support for the firm's operational capacity

Help small firms during a contract grow their capacity

- Mentor-protégé programs
- Contractor development and bonding programs

CITY OF LOS ANGELES



City of Los Angeles - Contractor Development and Bonding Program

Harnessing the power of a diverse community to fuel a thriving economy

With a population of nearly 4 million, Los Angeles is the the 2nd largest city in the United States and the third largest metropolitan economy in the world, with over 140 different countries represented in its diverse demographics.

Recognizing the importance of encouraging the economic stability and potential of small contractors within this vibrant community, the City of Los Angeles established the Bond Assistance Program (BAPLA) in 2005, now known as the Contractor Development and Bonding Program (CDABP), which helps diversify and expand opportunities for small, minority, women and veteran contractors to participate in City projects, as well as assisting them to grow their capacity. By eliminating bonding barriers, the City has increased the pool of qualified contractors able to bid on City projects, resulting in a greater number of competitive bids and generating significant cost savings to the City.

Photo above: Los Angeles International Airport, Courtesy of Los Angeles World Airports

Resources we offer

Support to public sector entities via our Procurement Excellence Network

With more than **2,000 members**, PEN offers <u>free</u> tools, trainings, and resources to help governments take their procurement practices to the next level. Visit: https://gplpen.hks.harvard.edu/



Frequent **trainings and roundtables** to help you refine your craft, such as "*Improving Vendor Certification Programs*"



A growing library of specialized **how-to guides and templates**, such as "Fostering Equitable Contract Outcomes"



One-on-one office hours with GPL experts to workshop procurement challenges



A community **discussion board** to share best practices and a **member directory** to facilitate connections







Technical assistance to four cities via our Procurement for Good Jobs initiative

Government procurement at its best not only delivers high-quality and reliable goods and services, but it also functions as a lever for inclusive workforce development, job quality, and local economic empowerment. Through this cohort, we aim to enhance governments' capacity to meet community workforce goals, protect workers' rights, and illuminate best practices to share and replicate.

Pittsburgh, PA

Supporting integration of job quality standards into solicitations to expand access to high-quality jobs created from federally funded infrastructure projects.

Dearborn, MI

Helping design RFP evaluation criteria that incentivizes contractors to pay construction workers a living wage that meets the region's ALICE threshold.

Cleveland, OH

Helping improve monitoring and enforcement of the City's Fair Employment Wage policy which requires service contractors to pay workers a living wage.

San Antonio, TX

Strengthening the pipeline of job-trainee participants hired onto contracts and into higher-wage jobs, by integrating hiring commitments into RFP language and ensuring contracts are enforceable.

Upcoming support to small cities in the Local Infrastructure Hub

Good procurement practices will be critical to effective project delivery. Many cities interested in this opportunity have indicated that they worry about their limited expertise evaluating vendors, finding enough qualified or available vendors, and managing contracts.



New Organization Announcement

- Since its founding, all our work has sat within the Harvard Kennedy School Government Performance Lab (HKS GPL).
- In March 2025, the broader HKS GPL procurement team of ~20 people will all form a new non-profit called Partners for Public Good (PPG).
- Our new non-profit will continue to lead procurement transformation work.



"One of the most direct and powerful ways the city can support our small businesses is through contracting opportunities for the goods and services we use."

Thank you!

Elena Hoffnagle | Director
Government Performance Lab
Harvard Kennedy School
elena_hoffnagle@hks.harvard.edu



next street

Industrial Supply Chain Forum

Business and Workforce Ecosystems in the Industrial Transition

December 2024

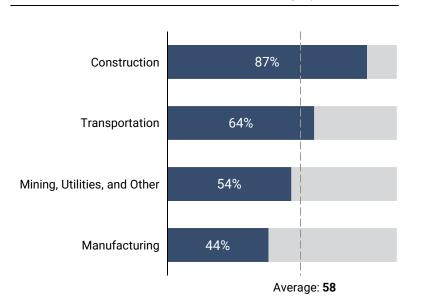
Executive Summary

- The industrial transition represents a generational opportunity for creating good jobs for American workers, with millions of higher-paying, in-demand jobs that provide opportunity for upward mobility
- Small and midsized businesses are key to driving the industrial transition employing nearly six in ten workers and having created two out of every three jobs added in the past 25 years
- Small businesses are key levers in creating good jobs for its workers but require support to grow and adequately meet the demands of the transition, facing distinct challenges in training and hiring
- We need a new workforce development approach centered on small businesses that is equipped to mobilize the American workforce on an industrial scale
- The integration of business, capital, and workforce ecosystems through solutions such as industry-workforce partnerships in strategic sectors will be critical to building the capacity of small businesses

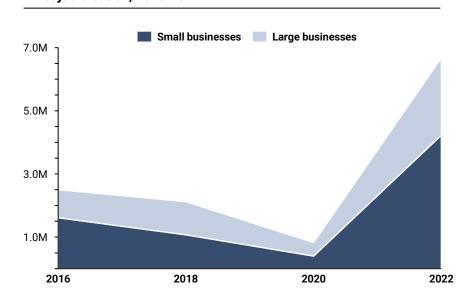
Small Businesses as Workforce Drivers

Small and midsized businesses are key to driving the industrial transition, employing nearly six in ten workers—many in relevant sectors—and having created two out of every three jobs added in the past 25 years

Small and mid-sized businesses' share of employment, %



Net job creation, 2016-2022



Workforce Opportunities in the Industrial Transition

Federal investments will create millions of higher-paying, in-demand jobs that require attention to fill gaps

Estimated Annual Direct Jobs Created and Job Characteristics, by Sector

From Recent Public Investments

Sector	Average <u>Annual</u> Direct Job Creation	Median Hourly Wage	Access to Health Insurance	Union Membership
Total	~1M jobs	\$26.20		
Construction	453k	\$28.13	75%	11%
Manufacturing	230k	\$23.67	91%	8%
Other Sectors*	317k	\$25.28		
Total U.S. Workforce	151,853k	\$23.70	75%	11%



High-Demand Occupations

The expansion of job opportunities generated by investments will be especially large among occupations that do not require 4-year college degrees as a qualification

Occupations with Largest Estimated Increases in Demand

Construction laborers	First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	Electrical power-line installers	
Operating engineers	General and operations managers	Construction managers	
Carpenters	Assemblers and fabricators	Project management specialists	
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	Welders and cutters	Electricians	
Laborers and freight and material movers	First-line supervisors of production and operating workers	Industrial engineers	



Workforce Mobility in the Industrial Transition

The investments are increasing jobs in manufacturing and construction sectors, which have high opportunity for mobility for low-wage to higher-wage occupations

Key: — Progression to greatest economic mobility

Gateways

A good job that can lead to target occupations with the occupations with the opportunity build skills while offering >\$42,000 in pay

- Mechanical technicians
- Storage and distribution managers
- First-line supervisors of production workers

Targets

Mid- to higher-wage (>\$42,000) occupations that are good quality because they are resilient to automation and accessible based on job experience, not just credentials

- Operations managers
- · Industrial production managers
- Construction managers

Origins

Low wage (<\$37,000)* and mid-wage (\$37,000-\$42,000) occupations, with high unemployment among workers without 4-year degrees

- Assemblers
- Manual operators
- Warehouse clerks

Functional and industry-specific career trajectories allows for multiple pathways for advancement that build on hands-on experience from Origin roles

Note: * Estimate based on low-wage work definition from UC Berkeley "Low-Wage Work Data Explorer" Source: Adapted from the Rework America Alliance



Small Business and Good Jobs

While small businesses excel in creating accessible pathways for workers, small businesses need support in creating good jobs in monetary dimensions such as wage and benefits due to financial constraints

Good Job Dimensions Findings from Small Business and Quality Jobs Report Average wages increase with firm size – a result of smaller firms having **Financial** Living Wage fewer resources compared to larger companies **Dimensions** Small businesses struggle to provide competitive benefits – 90% of Challenges for **Basic Benefits** workers at larger firms have access to healthcare compared to 52% at small businesses small firms Wealth-Building Small businesses are wealth-building pathways for their owners but have Opportunities fewer opportunities for their workforce Career-Building Small businesses and its workers report investments in career building opportunities through training and mentorship Opportunities **Opportunities** to expand through small businesses Non-Financial Fair + Engaging Small businesses excel in creating inclusive and supportive workplaces offering flexible work arrangements and work-life balance Workplace **Dimensions**



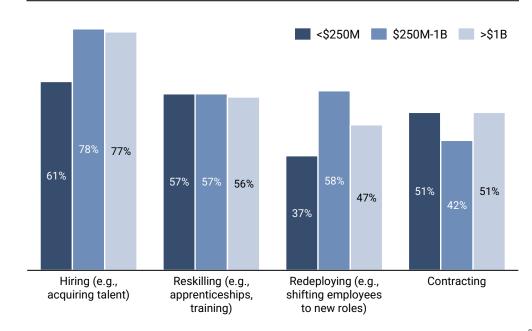
Addressing Skills Gaps in Small Businesses

Small businesses face distinct challenges in meeting the workforce demands of the industrial transition, requiring conditions required for growth in addition to investments in training workers and hiring required skill sets

Conditions for meeting workforce demands

- Knowledge and skills assessment: Evaluation of current workforce capabilities and identification of skills gaps
- Capital and investment capabilities: Available financing to invest in required training or hiring
- Time and priority: Allocation of time required for workforce development
- Resources: Access to quality training or hiring materials, expert trainers, or tools

Actions organizations have taken to address skills gaps, by firm revenue





A new workforce approach centered on small businesses requires integration of business and workforce ecosystems

Industry Business Needs

Industry Worker Needs







Capital and Financing

Business Support+ Technical Assistance

Intersections between busines and workforce support Workforce Development Support + Services

Capital Ecosystem

Business Support Ecosystem

Workforce Ecosystem

Access to capital and financing products:

- Grants
- Debt
- Equity
- · Innovative Products

Services, training, and support for:

- Financial management
- Operations management
- Industry-specific assistance
- Certifications

- HR management
- Hiring and recruitment
- · Employee skills training
- Labor-management relations
- Employment services
- · Personal + social services
- Skills development
- Worker organizing

- Debt: Banks and Alternative lenders (CDFIs, CDCs, fintech)
- Equity: Accelerators / incubators, Angel investors, Venture capital
- Business support orgs
- Supplier development orgs
- Industry and trade associations
- Economic partnerships
- Private companies / buyers

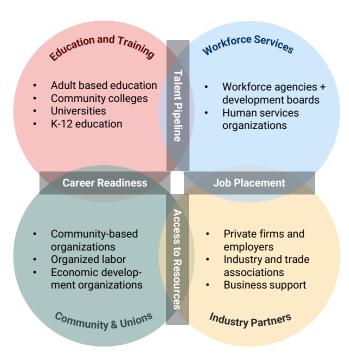
Regional or sectorspecific intersections

- Organized labor
- Public workforce agencies
- Higher education
- Nonprofit community services
- Companies / industry groups

Providers

Industry-Workforce Partnerships

The collaborative alliances designed to align workforce development with the specific needs of industries serve as emerging solutions to enhance competitiveness and job quality in growing industries



Key Features of Industry-Workforce Partnerships

- Industry-led problem solving: Active employer participation in identifying workforce challenges and developing solutions
- Prioritization of partnerships: Sustained collaboration among industry leaders, labor representatives, and educational institutions
- Tailored solutions: Programs are tailored to industry demands, providing workers with skills for quality jobs and career growth
- **Emphasis on good jobs:** Commitments to promote high-quality jobs, offering living wages, benefits, and career opportunities





Next Steps and Closing Remarks

Follow Up Survey

Please complete a 3-minute survey to share your thoughts about this Forum and Network moving forward.



https://survey.alchemer.com/s3/8129391/New-Economy-Industrial-Supply-Chain-Forum-Survey

Next Steps

- Complete the follow up survey about Forum programming that may interest you
- Look out for follow-up communications about today's event and the materials from the day
- Sign up for a Forum newsletter on programs and learnings around the industrial transformation
- In the newsletters, keep an eye out for come soon on programming and conversations.

Please reach out to neweconomy@nextstreet.com
if they have any questions or additional feedback on the Marshall Plan for Small Business